1	BEFORE THE BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS		
2	IN THE STATE OF ARIZONA		
3			
4	In the Matte	er of	CASE NO. MD-97-0433
5	MAX LIND,	M.D.	INVESTIGATION NO. 10916
6	Holder of License No. 4576 For the Practice of Medicine In the State of Arizona.		FINDINGS OF FACT, CONCLUSIONS OF LAW AND ORDER
7			(Decree of Censure)
8			
9	INTRODUCTION		
10	This matter was considered by the Arizona Board of Medical Examiners		
11	("Board") at its public meeting on October 25, 2000. Max Lind, M.D. appeared before		
12	the Board without legal counsel, for the purpose of the Board conducting a formal		
13	interview, pursuant to the authority vested in the Board by A.R.S. § 32-1451(G). After		
14	due consideration of the facts and law applicable to this matter, the Board voted to		
15	issue the following findings of fact, conclusions of law and order.		
16	FINDINGS OF FACT		
17	1.	The Board is the duly constitut	ed authority for the regulation and control
18		of the practice of allopathic me	dicine in the State of Arizona.
19	2.	Dr. Lind is the holder of Licens	e No. 4576 for the practice of medicine in
20		the State of Arizona.	
21	3.	Board Investigation No. 10916	was initiated after the Board was notified,
22		pursuant to a complaint from a	30-year-old female patient.
23	4.	Investigation revealed that the	patient began treatment with Dr. Lind
24		regarding her fourth pregnancy	on December 3, 1993. The patient's
25		estimated delivery date was Ap	oril 11, 1994.

- 5. At 37-38 weeks of estimated gestational age, an ultrasound of the patient's fetus was obtained which demonstrated severe fetal intrauterine growth retardation. At that time, Dr. Lind failed to evaluate fetal well being by obtaining non-stress tests, contraction stress tests, and/or consultation with a perinatologist.
- On April 18, 1994, there was a non-reactive stress test. On April 19, 1994, a contraction stress test was reported as reactive and negative.
 Dr. Lind decided to admit the patient for induction of labor on April 21, 1994.
- 7. On April 21, 1994, at approximately 1835 hours, approximately one hour after labor induction had started, nursing staff noted the heart rate pattern to be non-reactive. Dr. Lind was paged. He was in the facility in another surgery procedure. The nurse staff was told Dr. Lind would be instructed to call. At 1910 hours, nursing staff reported to Dr. Lind there was no change in the fetal heart rate pattern, and Dr. Lind instructed to insert prostaglandin gel. At 1930 hours, staff had noted difficulty in obtaining a fetal heart tone, called for an ultrasound and notified Dr. Lind. At 2025 hours, Dr. Lind arrived in the labor and delivery area, noted that no fetal heart activity could be detected and diagnosed intrauterine death of the fetus. The fetus was delivered approximately nine hours later.
- 8. No perinatal consultation to discuss the severe pneumonia complication was performed by Dr. Lind. No neonatal consultation was conducted by Dr. Lind even though the baby was at risk. Non-stress tests were not frequent enough. It was not appropriate to continue the pregnancy past

the time of fetal lung maturity; the baby should have been delivered at 36 to 37 weeks.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- The Board of Medical Examiners of the State of Arizona possesses jurisdiction over the subject matter hereof and over Max Lind, M.D.
- The Board has received substantial evidence supporting the Findings of Fact described above and said findings constitute unprofessional conduct or other grounds for the Board to take disciplinary action.
- 3. The conduct and circumstances described above in paragraphs 3 through 9 constitute unprofessional conduct pursuant to A.R.S. § 32-1401(25)(I) (conduct that the Board determines is gross malpractice, repeated malpractice or any malpractice resulting in the death of a patient), and A.R.S. § 32-1401(25)(II) "Conduct that the Board determines is gross negligence, repeated negligence or negligence resulting in harm to or death of a patient."

ORDER

Based on the foregoing Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law,

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that a Decree of Censure be issued to Dr. Lind for the aforementioned unprofessional conduct and the failure to properly manage intrauterine growth retardation, resulting in the death of an unborn baby.

RIGHT TO PETITION FOR REVIEW

Dr. Lind is hereby notified that he has the right to petition for a rehearing. Pursuant to A.R.S. § 41-1092.09, as amended, the petition for rehearing must be filed with the Board's Executive Director within thirty (30) days after service of this Order and pursuant to A.A.C. R4-16-102, it must set forth legally sufficient reasons for granting a rehearing.

1	Service of this Order is effective five (5) days after the date of mailing. If a motion for		
2	rehearing is not filed, the Board's Order becomes effective thirty-five (35) days after it is		
3	mailed to Dr. Lind.		
4	Dr. Lind is further notified that the filing of a petition for rehearing is required to		
5	preserve any rights of appeal to the Superior Court that he may wish to pursue.		
6	DATED this 27 day of Dec, 2000.		
7	BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA		
8 9	(SEAL)		
10	By CLAUDIA FOUTZ Executive Director		
11	ORIGINAL of the foregoing filed this 28 day of License 2000, with:		
12			
131415	The Arizona Board of Medical Examiners 9545 East Doubletree Ranch Road Scottsdale, Arizona 85258		
16	EXECUTED COPY of the foregoing mailed by Certified Mail this 28 day of Wichman 2000, to:		
17	Max Lind, M.D.		
18	532 West Northview Phoenix, AZ 85021		
19	COPY of the foregoing hand-delivered this		
20	all day of Lieemler, 2000, to:		
21	Richard F. Albrecht, Esq., Assistant Attorney General c/o Arizona Board of Medical Examiners 9545 E. Doubletree Ranch Road Scottsdale, AZ 85258		
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23	Counsel for the Board		
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